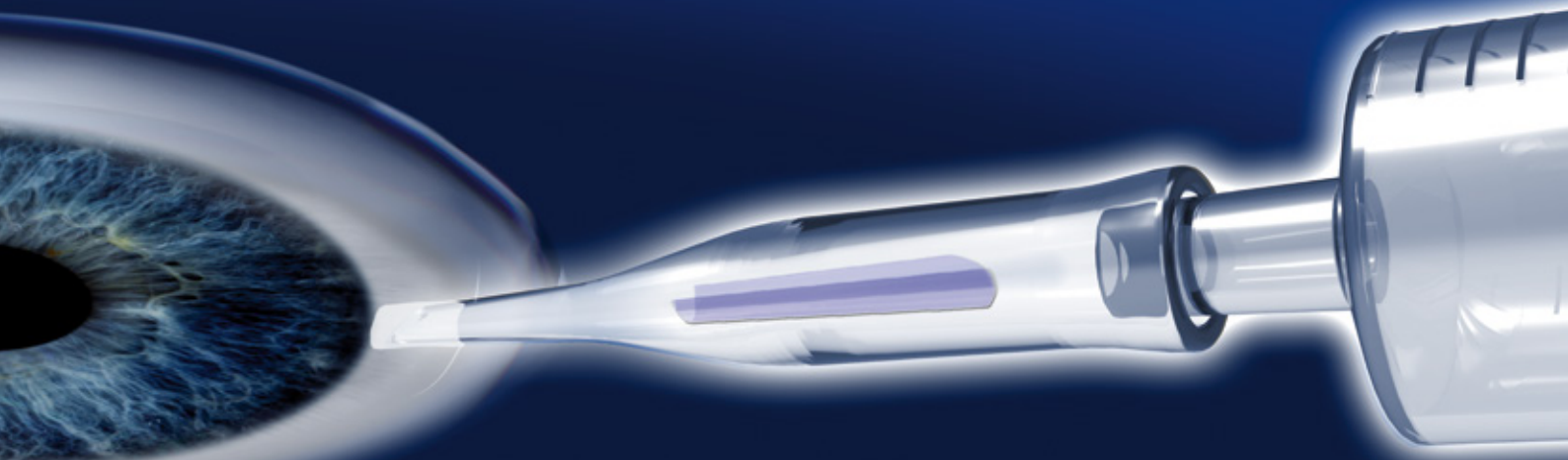


**INNOVATION**  
MADE BY GEUDER®

# DMEK

Descemet Membrane  
Endothelial Keratoplasty



**Geuder**®  
Precision made in Germany

THE INNOVATIVE SYSTEM  
FOR TREATING ENDOTHELIAL  
CORNEAL DISEASES

# THE NEW DMEK INSTRUMENT LINE

## NOW WITH EVEN SMALLER CLEAR CORNEA INCISION

### THE REVOLUTIONARY SYSTEM FOR TREATING ENDOTHELIAL CORNEAL DISEASES



Professor Dr. med.  
Peter Szurman, MD  
Knappschaftskrankenhaus  
Sulzbach, Germany

Corneal grafts are the most common tissue transplants. Perforating keratoplasty has meanwhile become clinical routine in many centers.

Transplantation techniques have evolved in recent years and are moving away from perforation towards lamellar keratoplasty.

Endothelial corneal diseases comprise after all 40% of all keratoplasty indications. In many cases, perforating keratoplasty is excessive since the simple transplantation of vital endothelial cells would often suffice. This is why posterior lamellar techniques, especially DMEK, have been able to establish themselves in recent years as an alternative, widely atraumatic, solution for endothelial corneal diseases.

DMEK (Descemet Membrane Endothelial Keratoplasty) is limited to the isolated Descemet membrane and endothelial cells without stroma, with a thickness of only approx. 15µm.





## CLINICAL ADVANTAGES OF DMEK

Transplanting extremely thin lamella promotes considerably faster visual recovery than other lamellar keratoplasty techniques. DMEK prevents interface problems, causes neither postoperative astigmatism nor myopia and substitutes more endothelial cells (up to 9.5 mm graft size). As a result, visual acuity improves in many cases by 0.8 or better after only one week. Due to these very good results, DMEK might become the gold standard in the therapy of endothelial corneal diseases.

## INSTRUMENTS FOR STANDARDIZATION OF DMEK

The success of this elegant technique is largely dependent on the number of vital endothelial cells and quality of the fragile graft and the gentle manipulation thereof. It is important that the fragile endothelial cells are not touched or stressed mechanically during preparation or implantation. In order to achieve reproducible results a standardized technique and specific instruments, which ensure a touch-free surgical procedure, are necessary. The new Liquid Bubble technique, which was developed in Sulzbach, Germany, uses a liquid in order to gently separate the Descemet membrane from the stroma beneath. It is another step towards the standardisation of DMEK.

On the following pages we introduce a new surgical set which will give experienced surgeons the opportunity to perform DMEK in the clinical routine. This set allows a touch-free preparation of a Descemet lamella and its subsequent transplantation.

Prof. Dr. med. Peter Szurman, MD

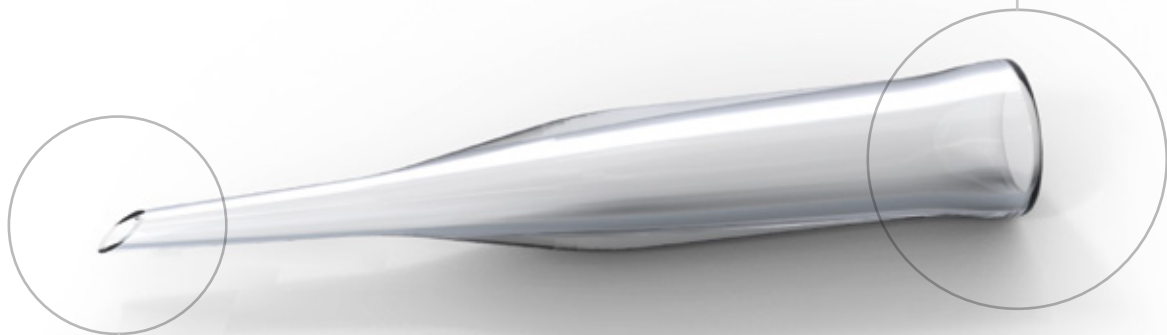
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3. Szurman P, Yörük E (2010) DMEK-Step by Step. ESCRS, Paris
4. Yörük E, Szurman P (2010) DMEK Keratoplastik. *Augenspiegel* 11/2010
5. Yörük E, Szurman P (2011) Autologous Descemet's Membrane Endothelial Keratoplasty. *Cornea*; in press

# BRILLIANTLY SIMPLE: THE IMPLANTATION CARTRIDGE

SIMPLIFICATION AND STANDARDIZATION  
OF DMEK SURGERY WITH TOUCH-FREE AND  
GENTLE HANDLING OF DESCEMET LAMELLA

- Safe and easy intake of the graft due to a large rounded opening of the cartridge



- Gentle and atraumatic injection into the anterior chamber
- Available in two sizes for incisions of 2.4 to 2.75 or 3.0 mm



## INTELLIGENT DESIGN - TOUCH-FREE TECHNIQUE

- Atraumatic handling of the sensitive endothelium through smooth aspiration into the cartridge. Implantation into the anterior chamber without direct manipulation of endothelium and Descemet membrane
- Reduced loss of endothelial cells and reliable preservation of the functionality of the endothelial cells

## ELEGANT FUNCTIONALITY - CRYSTAL CLEAR & SMOOTH

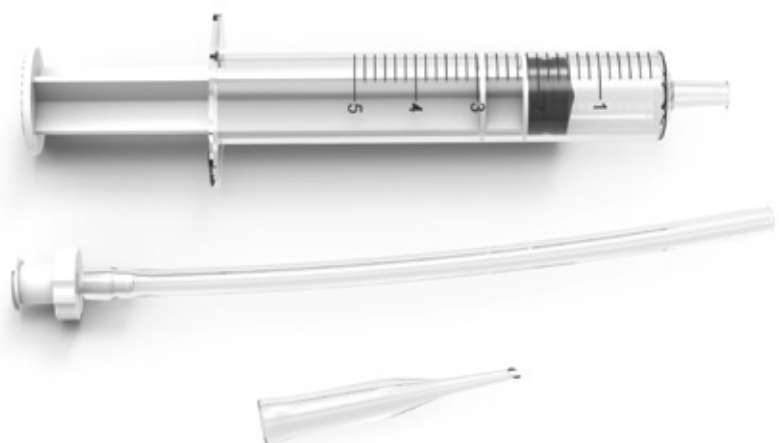
- Maximum safety for endothelial cells through streamlined design and smooth surface of the transparent cartridge
- Implantation of lamella under visual control prevents complications caused by wrong alignment of the graft within the eye
- Reduced surface friction saves endothelial cells and preserves high quality of the graft

## NO SUTURE - NO ADVERSE EFFECTS

- Minimum incision size of 2.4 to 2.8 or 3.0 mm for fast visual recovery and satisfied patients
- Minimization of surgically induced astigmatism and other unwanted adverse effects

## WELL CONCEIVED: THE ACCESSORIES

- Low additional costs through compatible standard accessories:
  - Standard single-use syringe
  - Heidelberg extension tubing
  - Swab



# PREPARING THE DONOR EYE PREPARATION TECHNIQUES

## 1 PREPARING THE DONOR CORNEA

In order to prepare the valuable Descemet membrane, fixate the donor cornea securely.



**G-38620**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK GRAFT RETAINER**  
for preparation of DMEK graft



**G-38623**  
*REMKY*  
**DMEK KERATOPLASTY FORCEPS**  
modified by Szurman  
to hold graft during  
preparation

## 2a CLASSIC PREPARATION

In order to prepare the Descemet lamella, scrape the membrane gently 360° starting at the periphery.



**G-38621**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK PREPARATION SCRAPER**  
for removal of Descemet  
membrane from graft



**G-38622**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK PREPARATION SPATULA**  
for removal of Descemet  
membrane from graft



**G-38624**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK PREPARATION FORCEPS**  
for removal of Descemet lamella



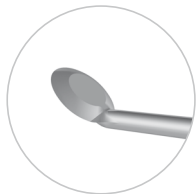
**G-38628**  
*YÖRÜK*  
**DMEK TRANSPLANT FORCEPS**  
for grasping and removal of  
Descemet membrane  
grasping area 6 mm

## 2b PREPARATION - THE LIQUID BUBBLE TECHNIQUE BY SZURMAN

At an appropriate location within the trabecular meshwork of the donor cornea prepare a small tunnel in order to overcome the zone of strongest adherence within the stroma. A suitable dye (e.g. trypan blue) injected under the Descemet membrane detaches the membrane from the stroma. At the same time it stains the membrane selectively without damaging sensitive endothelial cells.



**G-34191**  
**NANOEDGE MVR STILETTO**  
angled  
20 gauge / 0.9 mm  
6 pcs. per box, **sterile**



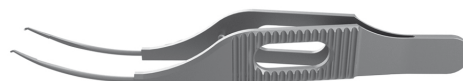
**G-38622**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK PREPARATION SPATULA**  
for removal of Descemet membrane from graft



**G-16189**  
**SPATULA**  
angled, 45°  
0.5 wide x 0.25 mm thick



**G-32167**  
*SAUTTER*  
**HYDRODISSECTION CANNULA**  
rotation of 90°  
27 gauge / 0.4 mm



**G-15134**  
**MICRO COLIBRI FORCEPS**  
with tying platform  
extremely delicate  
for corneal graft



# PREPARING THE DONOR EYE PREPARATION TECHNIQUES

## 3 PUNCHING OUT THE DONOR CORNEA

The last step of preparation involves punching out the desired size of the lamella of the donor cornea. After storing the graft in liquid peel off the lamella from the stroma with a preparation spatula.



**G-32671**  
*ÖRK LINZ MODEL*  
**SILICONE BLOCK FOR DMEK**  
for donor cornea, white-colored

GEUDER offers NanoEdge trephines and corneal punches in a wide range of different sizes in small diameter increments for nearly all corneal applications.

Learn more from our sales representatives or website  
<http://www.GEUDER.de/en/products/instruments>





# PREPARING THE PATIENT'S EYE

## 1 MAIN INCISION, PARACENTESIS AND IRIDECTOMY

Due to the slender design of the DMEK cartridge only a sutureless 2.4 to 2.75 mm clear cornea incision is necessary. The HATTENBACH 25 gauge hybrid scissors are optimal for the pressure compensating iridecomy.



**NANOEDGE  
PHACO SLIT KNIFE**  
angled, double bevel,  
6 pcs. per box, **sterile**

**G-34094** 2.40 mm  
**G-34096** 2.50 mm  
**G-34098** 2.85 mm



**G-34192  
NANOEDGE MVR STILETTO**  
straight, incision width 0.8 mm  
for instruments 23 gauge / 0.6 mm  
6 pcs. per box, **sterile**



**G-34191  
NANOEDGE MVR STILETTO**  
angled, incision width 1.2 mm  
for instruments 20 gauge / 0.9 mm  
6 pcs. per box, **sterile**



**G-32948  
HATTENBACH  
HYBRID SCISSORS**  
for the anterior chamber  
25 gauge / 0.5 mm



**G-31491  
CLEAR CORNEA INCISION  
FIXATION RING**  
inside diameter 13 mm  
9 atraumatic teeth

# PREPARING THE PATIENT'S EYE

## 2 PREPARING THE ANTERIOR CHAMBER

GEUDER's tried and tested hydrodissection cannulas offer free movement during DMEK. Prepare the anterior chamber with BSS or air.



**G-32167**  
*SAUTTER*  
**HYDRODISSECTION CANNULA**  
rotation of 90°  
27 gauge / 0.4 mm



**G-34245**  
*SAUTTER*  
**SINGLE-USE HYDRODISSECTION CANNULA**  
27 gauge / 0.4 x 22 mm  
10 pcs. per box, **sterile**

## 3 DESCOMETORHEXIS

Incision hooks, the Descemet scraper and rhexis forceps enable a safe circular incision, a complete rhexis of the recipient membrane and a subsequent polish.



**G-38607**  
**DESCEMET INCISION HOOK**  
diameter of hook: 0.2 mm  
overall length: 103 mm



**G-38608**  
**DESCEMET SCRAPER**  
for peripheral scraping of recipient bed  
overall length: 103 mm



**G-38601**  
*ALTHAUS / CARTSBURG*  
**IRRIGATION DESCEMET HOOK**  
diameter of hook: 0.25 mm  
rhombic irrigation tube  
overall length 98 mm



**G-38602**  
*TH. NEUHANN*  
**IRRIGATION DESCEMET SCRAPER**  
0.7 mm wide scraper tip  
rhombic 0.9 x 0.6 mm irrigation tube  
overall length: 94 mm

# IMPLANTATION OF THE GRAFT



**G-38634**  
*GERTEN*  
**DSAEK/DMEK RHEXIS FORCEPS**  
for Descemetorhexis  
reversed triangular tips to  
score and remove DM from host  
cornea  
23 gauge / 0.6 mm

## 4 IMPLANTATION OF THE GRAFT

The last and crucial step of the surgery is to insert the graft into the recipient's eye. For better visualization, stain the Descemet lamella with a suitable dye, e.g. Trypan Blue, before loading the DMEK cartridge. Loading the cartridge through its large posterior opening is widely atraumatic for the Descemet lamella. The accompanying tube enables a touch-free and gentle aspiration of the lamella.

The transparent glass cartridge allows a controlled injection of the graft into the anterior chamber. A double irrigation set enables touch-free unfolding and positioning of the Descemet lamella. An air or gas bubble (e.g. SF6) below the graft helps to attach the Descemet membrane to the cornea.



*SZURMAN*  
**SINGLE-USE DMEK-CARTRIDGE**  
for Descemet membrane  
endothelial keratoplasty,  
incl. tube connection for loading the  
cartridge

**G-38630** incision 3 mm  
14 gauge / 2.0 mm, sterile

**G-38635** incision 2.4 to 2.75 mm  
16 gauge / 1.6 mm, sterile



**G-38631**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK IRRIGATION HANDPIECE**  
curved, closed tip  
side port 0.3 mm  
tube 23 gauge / 0.6 mm



**G-38632**  
*SZURMAN*  
**DMEK IRRIGATION HANDPIECE**  
curved, front opening  
tube 23 gauge / 0.6 mm



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Illustrations not drawn to scale (some illustrations are reduced to 80%).